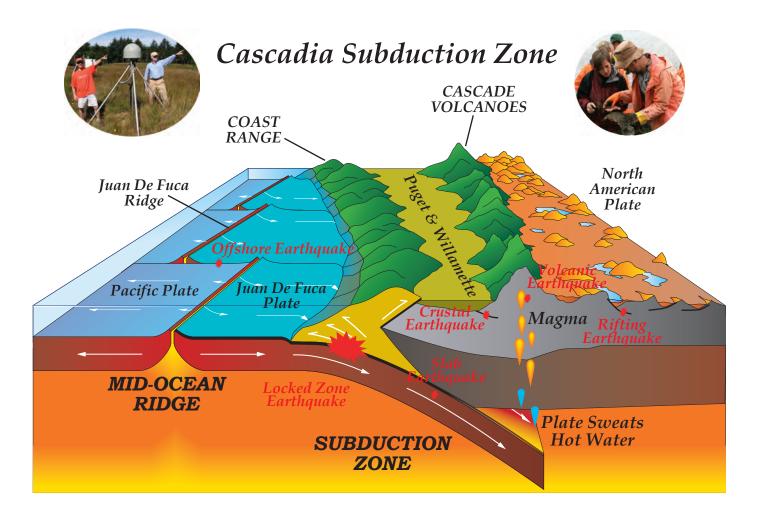
CEETEP Field Trip Guide October 12, 2013



Cascadia EarthScope Earthquake and Tsunami Education Program (CEETEP)
October 11-14, 2013

















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CEETEP Field Trip Guide – October 12, 2013

•	DEPART Columbia Hall at Clatsop Community College (CCC) (9 am)
•	Driving (9-9:15 am)
•	Stop 1 – Astoria GPS station (9:15-9:45 am) Pg 1
•	Driving (9:45-10:45 am)
•	Stop 2 – Long Beach (10:45-11:45 am) Pg 4
•	Driving (11:45 am-12 pm)
•	Lunch – One Pacific Coast Bank, Ilwaco (12-12:45 pm) Pg 7
•	Stop 3 – Ilwaco Tsunami Evacuation Walk (12:45-1:45 pm) Pg 8
•	Driving (1:45-2:30 pm)
•	Stop 4 – Niawiakum River Tsunami Geology (2:30-4:30 pm) Pg 8
•	Driving (4:30-5:30 pm)
•	ARRIVE Columbia Hall at CCC (5:30 pm) Pg 9

Stop 1 - Astoria GPS station (Latitude: 46.207373; Longitude: -123.768364)

<u>Directions</u> – The GPS station is at the Coast Guard Station on Tongue Point in Astoria (Figure 1). If you come to the Tongue Point guardhouse separated from the rest of the group, tell them you are with the

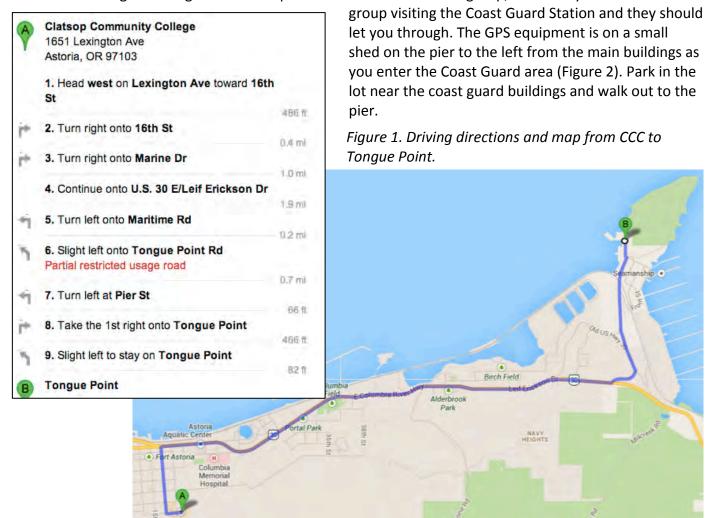




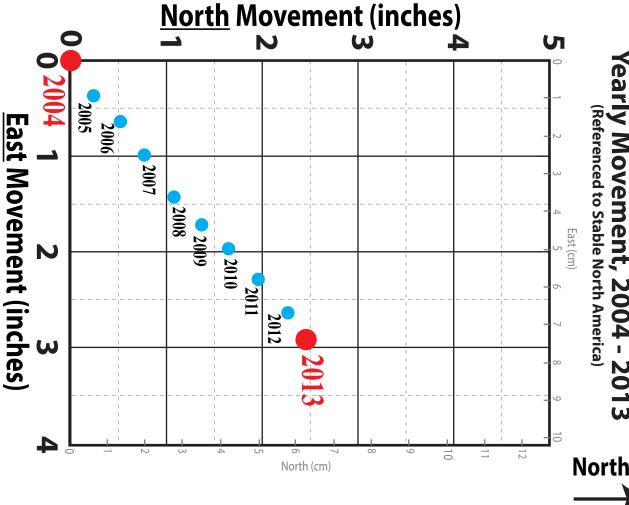
Figure 2. Coast Guard Station at Tongue Point. GPS station location and parking.

Topics to consider

Refer to the Astoria Station GPS Data Card (Figure 3).

Astoria, Oregon GPS Station Yearly Movement, 2004 - 2013

(Referenced to Stable North America)



station is anchored into hard rock beneath the soil Astoria region toward the northeast the dots represent the year-to-year movement of the GPS station over the past nine years. Because the The dots on this card show the motion of the Astoria

and think about the questions below Orient this graph toward the north, tape it to the floor,

- since the year 1700? moving? At that rate, how far has the region moved year 2004? At what rate (inches per year) is the region How far has the Astoria region moved since the
- 2. Why is the region moving toward the northeast?
- occurred in the year 1700. What will happen to the 3. The last big earthquake in the Pacific Northwest Astoria region when the next big earthquake occurs?

Cut Here

UNAVCO (http://www.unavco.org). Data as of August 29, 2013. (http://pbo.unavco.org). GPS time series data provided by Station TPW2 from the EarthScope Plate Boundary Observatory

to Oregon State University, the University of Portland, and the National Science Foundation (http://www.earthscope.org) CEETEP is sponsored by a grant from the EarthScope Program of Tsunami Education Program (http://ceetep.oregonstate.edu). Card developed by the Cascadia EarthScope Earthquake and Central Washington University.







Stop 2 - Long Beach, Discovery Trail access point

Directions – Drive from Tongue Point to Long 1. Head southeast on Tongue Point Rd Beach, WA (Figure 4). We will be driving out toward Tongue Point Rd towards to the edge of the beach where the 0.2 ml Discovery Trail crosses Bolstad Rd (Figure 5). 2. Slight right onto Maritime Rd Park as near the Discovery Trail as you can and 0.2 ml then meet in the small covered area. 3. Take the 1st right onto U.S. 30 W/Leif Erickson Dr Continue to follow U.S. 30 W 3.3 m Figure 4. Driving directions and map from 4. Slight right onto U.S. 30 W/Marine Dr Tongue Point to Long Beach, WA. 1.0 mi 5. Turn right onto US-101 N Entering Washington 4.3 m 6. Turn left onto Hwy 101 N/US-101 N (signs for Ilwaco/Long Beach) 8.9 mi 7. Slight right onto U.S. 101ALT 0.6 ml 8. Turn left onto Hwy 101 S/US-101 S 2.4 mi 9. Turn right onto WA-103 N/Pacific Way 1.4 ml 10. Turn left onto Bolstad St 0.2 mi **Bolstad W** Long Beach, WA 98631 Columbia River Columbia River (F)

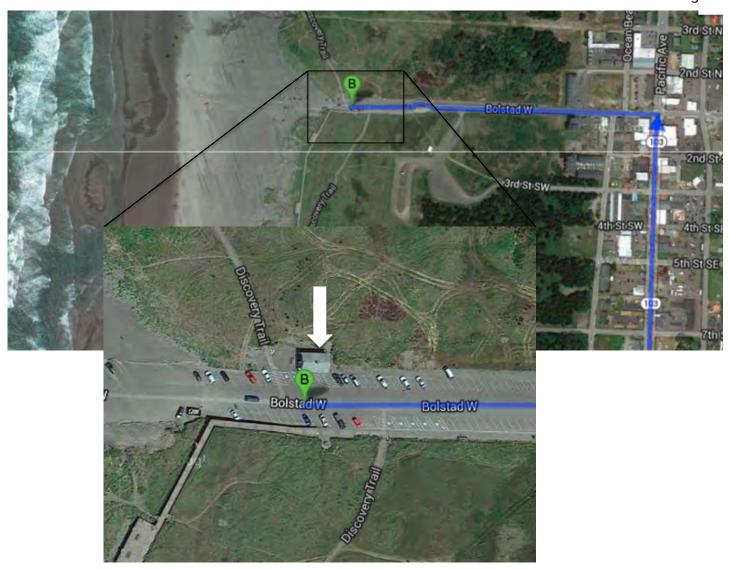


Figure 5. Bolstad W and Discovery Trail parking area.

Topics to consider (see also Figures 6-8 and the guide cover for reference)

- 1. How far offshore is the boundary between the Juan de Fuca and North American plates?
- 2. How deep is the top of the subducting Juan de Fuca Plate beneath Long Beach?
- 3. If a great earthquake occurred right now, what would you do?
- 4. What are some options that Long Beach could consider to increase community safety and resilience?
- 5. How might you use a site like this to engage your audience (students; park/museum visitors; the general public) on earthquake science and preparedness?

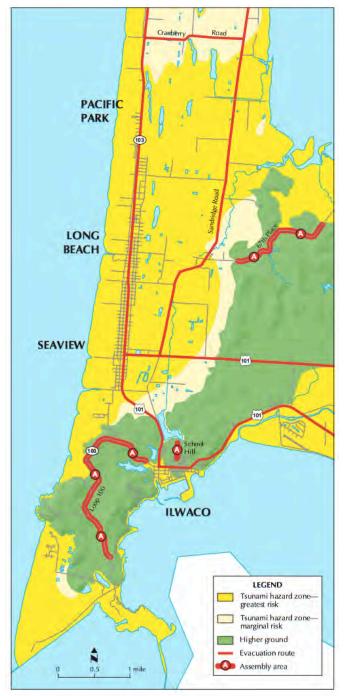


Figure 7. Proposed vertical evacuation strategy for Long Beach, WA as developed in a series of community meetings run by the Washington Emergency Management Department's Safe Haven Project.

(http://www.emd.wa.gov/haz ards/documents/haz_SafeHav enReport_Pacific.pdf)

Figure 6. Tsunami evacuation map for Long Beach and Ilwaco region. (WA DNR http://www.dnr.wa.gov/Publications/ger_tsuna mi_evac_longbeach.pdf)

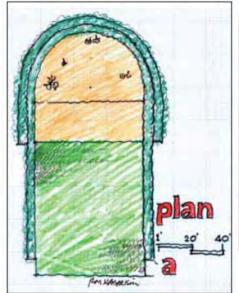
LONG BEACH: DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED STRATEGY

The second community meeting produced a preferred strategy (see Table 6) with the following components:

- One large, multi-purpose berm located behind the elementary school. The berm will either be used as bleachers, with ball game spectators sitting on the grassy slope leading to the top of the berm, or as a playfield, with the grassy area on top of the berm serving as a sports field. The berm will accommodate approximately 1,000 evacuees and will be prioritized for construction since it will provide refuge for children.
- To provide evacuation for the general population, four smaller berms will be constructed along the east side of the community. Each berm will accommodate approximately 500 evacuees and will be built after the large berm near the school is constructed.
- Additionally, an elevated city hall is desired.
 The city will pursue this element as money becomes available from federal, state, or other funds.
- The 67th Place assembly area will serve as a site for long-term evacuation and provide access to emergency supplies.

Table 6: Preferred strategy for Long Beach

LONG BEACH		
CONCEPTUAL LOCATIONS	SAFE HAVEN TYPE	
N Place & 41st Place	Berm	
Washington Avenue South & 5th Street South	Berm	
Washington Avenue South & 2nd Street South	Berm	
Washington Avenue & 13th Street South	Berm	
Q Street & 26th Street North	Berm	
67th Place (west)	Pacific County Assembly Area	
67th Place (east)	Pacific County Assembly Area	



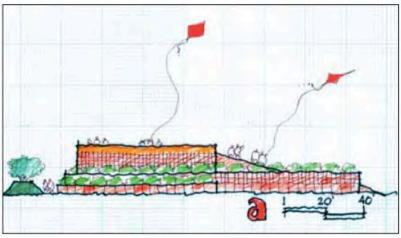


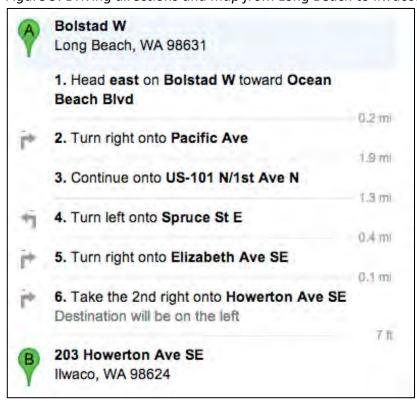
Figure 8. Basic berm conceptual designs. Front view (left) and side view (right).

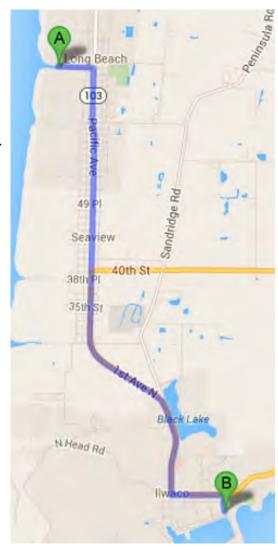
(http://www.emd.wa.gov/hazards/documents/haz_SafeHave nReport_Pacific.pdf)

Lunch - One Pacific Coast Bank, Ilwaco waterfront

Directions: We will be having lunch in the One Pacific Coast Bank meeting room down by the Ilwaco waterfront (Figure 9). Park as close as you can to the bank and come on in. The conference room is on the south side of the building adjacent to the harbor

Figure 9. Driving directions and map from Long Beach to Ilwaco.





Stop 3 – Tsunami Evacuation Walk from Ilwaco's waterfront

Directions – We will leave from and return to the Ilwaco waterfront.

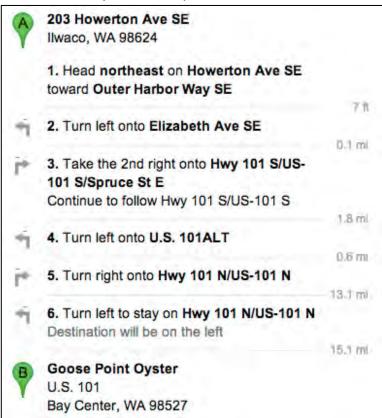
Topics to consider

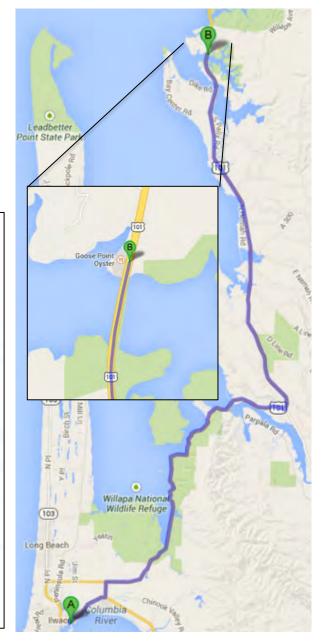
- 1. How straight forward was the evacuation route?
- 2. Could more be done to clarify the route? If so, what?
- 3. What other issues come to mind regarding a Community Inventory of Hazards?

Stop 4 – Tsunami Geology at the Niawiakum River

<u>Directions</u> – Drive from Ilwaco to Goose Point Oyster (Figure 10). Park either along the east side of Hwy 101 immediately north of the bridge over the Niawiakum River OR on the opposite side of Hwy 101 in the parking area of Goose Point Oyster factory. <u>Please do not park in the parking area for the retail outlet of Goose Point Oyster</u>.

Figure 10. Driving directions and map from Ilwaco to Goose Point Oyster access point to the Niawiakum Rv.





Topics to consider

- 1. What are the different geologic layers observed in the cores?
- 2. What sequence of events can explain the observed layers?
- 3. How would you use these geologic observations to engage your audience in earthquake/tsunami science and preparedness?

Return to CCC

